

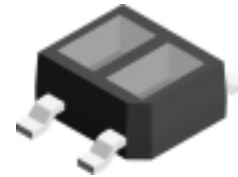
# Subminiature Reflective Optical Sensor with Phototransistor Output

## Description

The TCNT1000 have a compact construction where the emitting-light source and the detector are arranged in the same direction to sense the presence of an object by using the reflective IR-beam from the object. The operating wavelength is 950 nm. The detector consists of a phototransistor.

## Applications

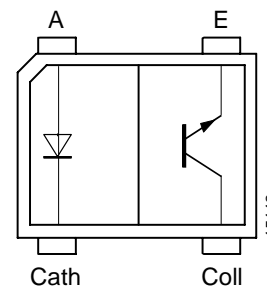
- Accurate position sensor for shaft encoder
- Detection of reflective material such as paper, IBM cards, magnetic tapes etc.
- Suitable for copy machines, printers, fax machines



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## Features

- Package height: 1.5 mm
- Parts shipped taped and reeled 1000 pcs/ reel
- Soldering method according to CECC00802 table 1, class B or C
- Surface Mountable Technology (SMD)



Top view

## Order Instruction

Ordering Code	Sensing Distance	Remarks
TCNT1000	1 mm	

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### Input (Emitter)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	5	V
Forward current		$I_F$	50	mA
Pulse forward current	$t_p = 0.1 \text{ ms}; t_p / T = 0.01$	$I_{FP}$	1	A
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ \text{C}$	$P_V$	75	mW

#### Output (Detector)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector emitter voltage		$V_{CEO}$	30	V
Emitter collector voltage		$V_{ECO}$	5	V
Collector current		$I_C$	50	mA
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ \text{C}$	$P_V$	100	mW

#### Coupler

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient temperature range		$T_{amb}$	-20 to +70	$^\circ \text{C}$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	-30 to +80	$^\circ \text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5 \text{ s}$	$T_{sd}^{1)}$	260	$^\circ \text{C}$

<sup>1)</sup> 1.6 mm distance from Body

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

### Input (Emitter)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	$V_F$		1.2	1.6	V
Reverse current	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	$I_R$			10	$\mu\text{A}$

### Output (Detector)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Collector emitter voltage	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CEO}$	30			V
Emitter collector voltage	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{ECO}$	5			V
Collector emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_F = 0, E = 0$	$I_{CEO}$			100	nA
Cross talk current	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ (see Figure 1)	$I_{CX}^{1)}$			200	nA

### Coupler

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Collector current	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_C^{1)}$	100			$\mu\text{A}$
Rise time	$V_S = 2 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	$t_r$		20		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$V_S = 2 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA},$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	$t_f$		20		$\mu\text{s}$

<sup>1)</sup> Working distance to object:  $d = 1 \text{ mm}$ ; object: Flat mirror

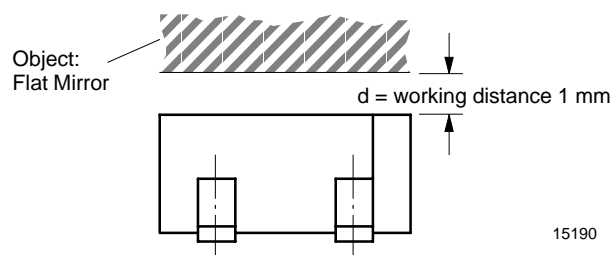


Figure 1. Test circuit

Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

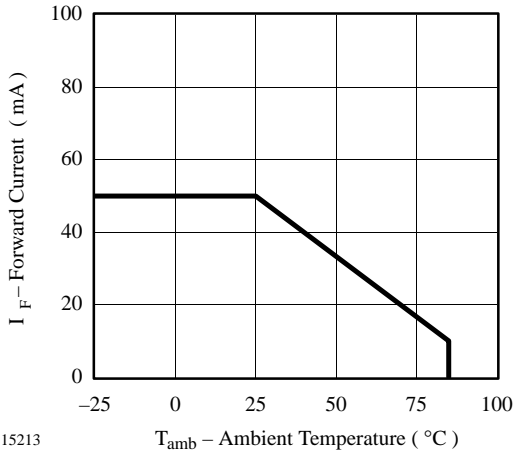


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

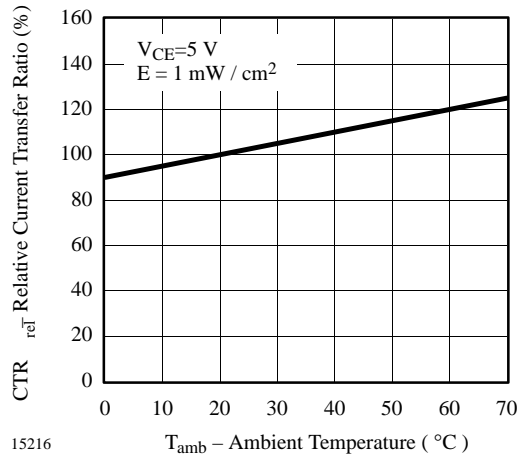


Figure 5. Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

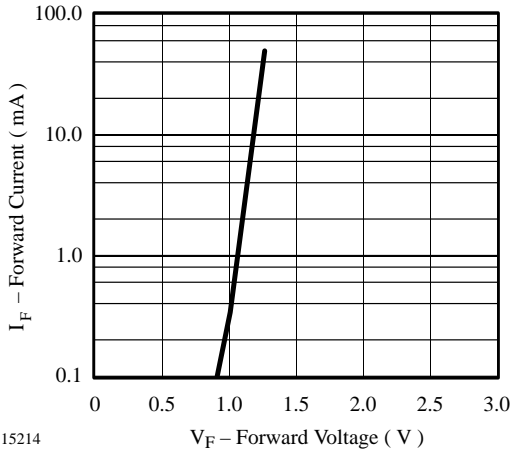


Figure 3. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

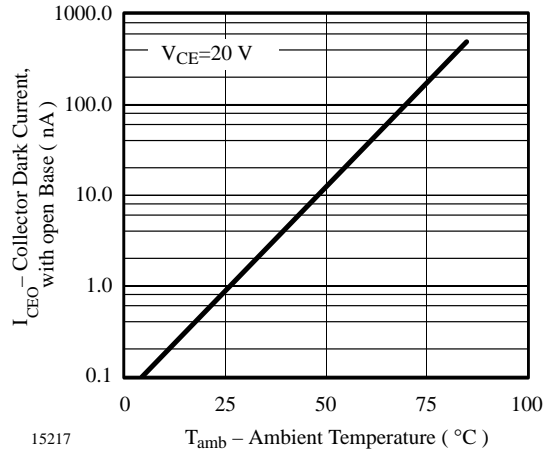


Figure 6. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

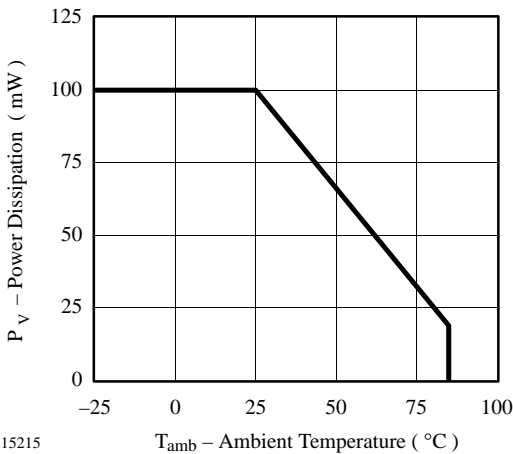


Figure 4. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

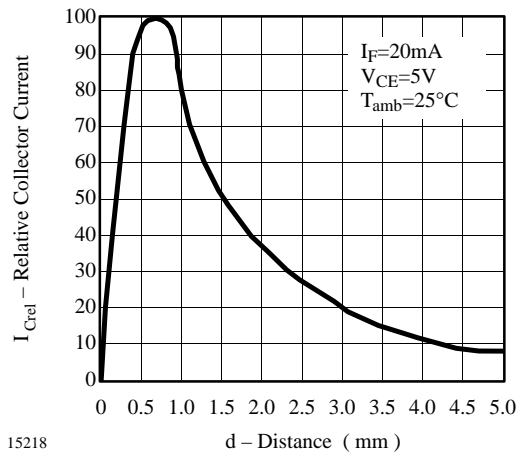


Figure 7. Relative Collector vs. Distance

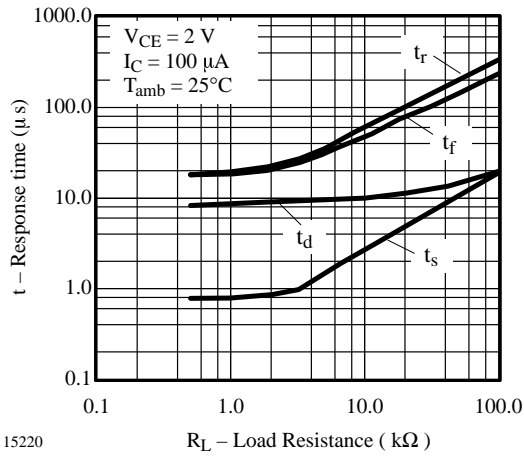


Figure 8. Response Time vs. Load Resistance

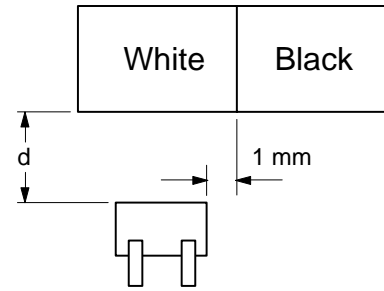
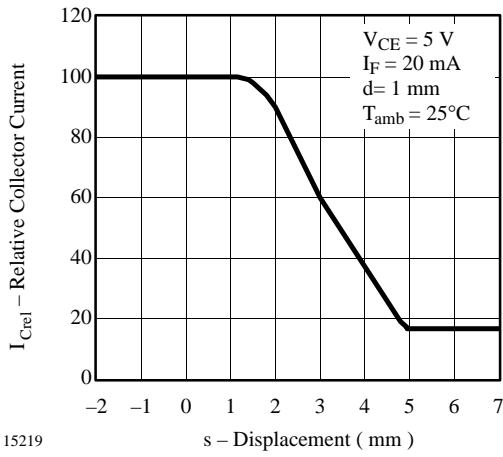


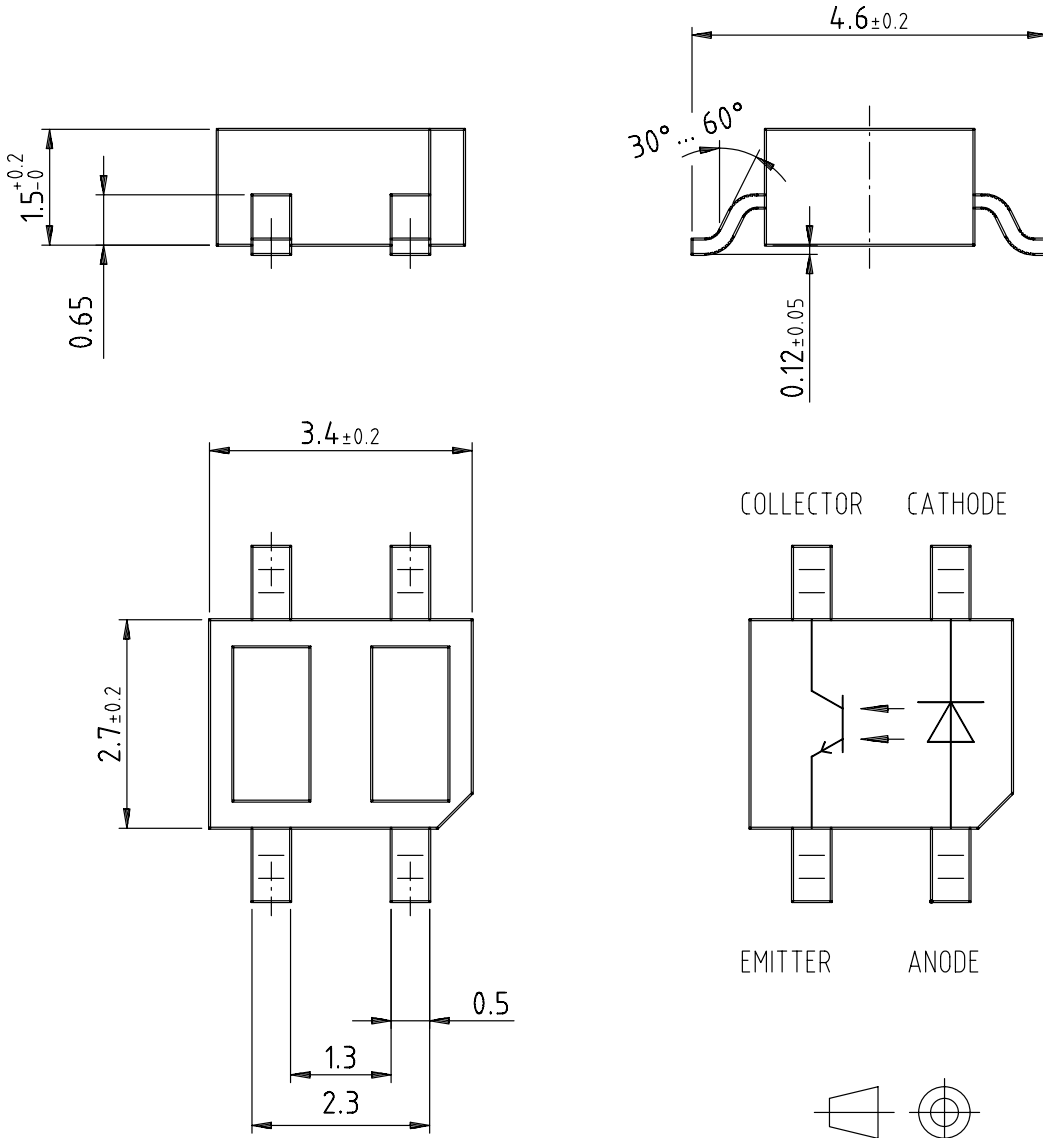
Figure 9. Relative Collector Current vs. Displacement

# TCNT1000

Vishay Telefunken



## Dimensions of TCNT1000 in mm



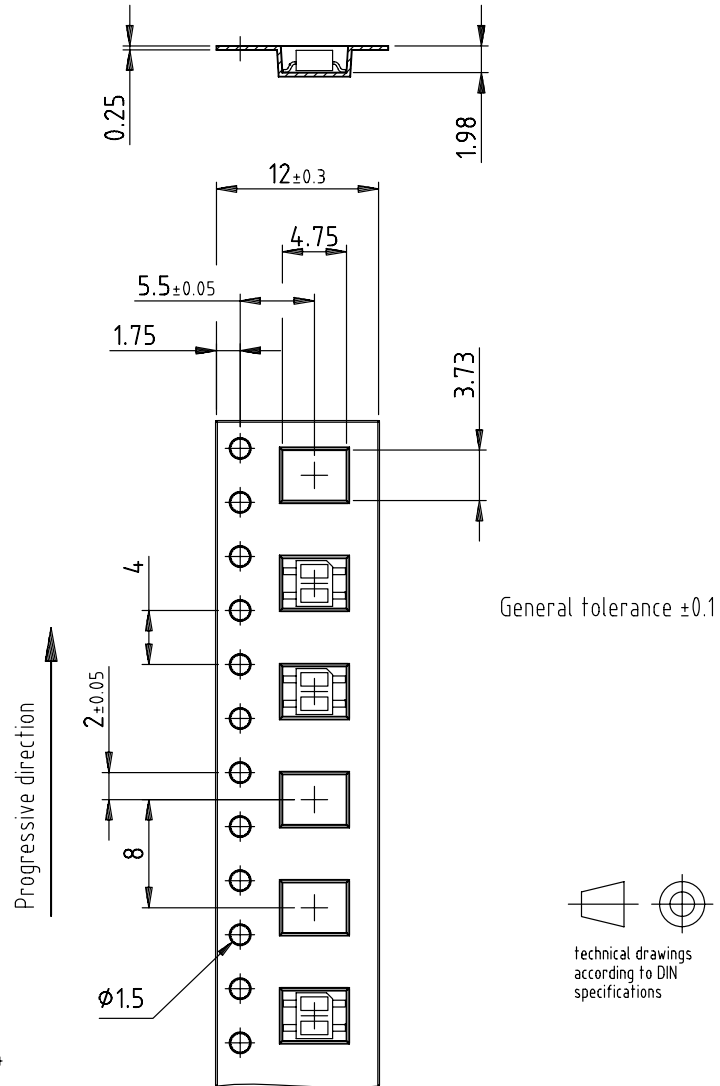
Drawing-No.: 6.541-5045.01-4

Issue: 2; 11.05.00

technical drawings  
according to DIN  
specifications

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**Dimensions of Shape in mm**



Drawing-No.: 9.700-5249.01-4  
Issue: 1; 11.05.00

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### Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Telefunken products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Telefunken against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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