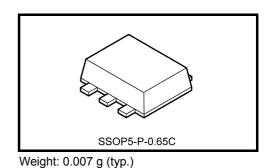
TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# **TAH6N201U**

2-Channel Non Up-convert Type Constant Current Driver IC

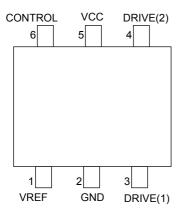
The TAH6N201U is non up-convert type constant current driver IC. This device can operate from 2.5V to 5.5V and set the driving current by only one external resistor. It is suitable to constant current driving circuits for the equipments using compact buttery.



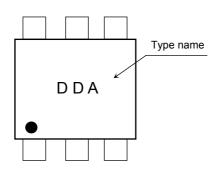
## Features

- Constant current driving not to be influenced by load driving voltage or supply voltage due to built-in reference voltage circuit. (Note 1)
- Built-in protection circuit
- Need only one external resistor for setting the driving current
   Note 1: Higher power supply voltage than the total of load supply voltage and V<sub>DRIVE</sub>(SAT).

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## Marking



## Switch Condition

INPUT	OUTPUT			
CONTROL	DRIVE(1)	DRIVE(2)		
L	OFF			
Н	C	N		

## Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	7	V	
DC input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	$-0.3 \sim V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	±25	mA	
V <sub>REF</sub> output current	I <sub>REF</sub>	250	μA	
Driving current (each output)	I <sub>DRIVE</sub>	25	mA	
Driving current (total of 2 output)	I <sub>DRIVE</sub>	50	ШA	
Power dissipation	PD	200 (Note 2)	mW	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C	

Note 2 : Mounted on a glass epoxy PCB sized  $30 \times 30$  mm (Cu pad area size: 70 mm<sup>2</sup>)

### Recommended Operating Conditions (VCC = 2.5 ~5.5 V , Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.5~5.5 (Note 3)	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	0 ~ V <sub>CC</sub>	V

Note 3 : Higher power supply voltage than the total of load supply voltage and  $V_{DRIVE}(SAT)$ .

## **Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
input voltage	ON	V <sub>CT (ON)</sub>	—	2.0	_		V
	OFF	V <sub>CT (OFF)</sub>	_	_	_	0.3	V
V <sub>REF</sub> output voltage		V <sub>REF</sub>	CONTROL = V <sub>CT (ON)</sub>	1.07	1.17	1.27	V
Saturation voltage		V <sub>DRIVE</sub> (SAT)	I <sub>DRIVE</sub> = 20 mA (1-channel output each)	_	_	0.2	V
DRIVE current		I <sub>DRIVE</sub>	$V_{DRIVE}$ = 0.2V,I <sub>REF</sub> = 0.2mA (Note 5) Including $\Delta$ I <sub>DRIVE</sub>	18	20	22	mA
DRIVE current defere between each channe		$\Delta I_{DRIVE}$	V <sub>DRIVE</sub> = 0.2V, I <sub>REF</sub> = 0.01 ~ 0.2mA (Note 5), I <sub>DRIVE</sub> [Max] - I <sub>DRIVE</sub> [Min] (Note 5)	0	_	5	%
OFF leakage current		I <sub>LEAK</sub>	CONTROL = V <sub>CT (OFF)</sub>		1	10	μA
Quiescent supply curr	ent	I <sub>CC</sub>	CONTROL = V <sub>CT (ON),</sub> I <sub>DRIVE</sub> = 20mA x 2-channel output	_	1	3	mA

Note 4: Not to use under the condition to open CONTROL terminal and supply under 0.3V absolutely to CONTROL terminal under no output condition.

Note 5:  $I_{REF}$  is current revel from  $V_{REF}$  terminal. 100 times current revel of  $I_{REF}$  is set as  $I_{DRIVE}$ .

(Example) I<sub>DRIVE</sub>=20mA @ I<sub>REF</sub>=0.2mA

Note 6 : Guarantee by design

## Application Note (Example of 2-channel White LED Driving Circuit)

#### 1. Description of basic operation

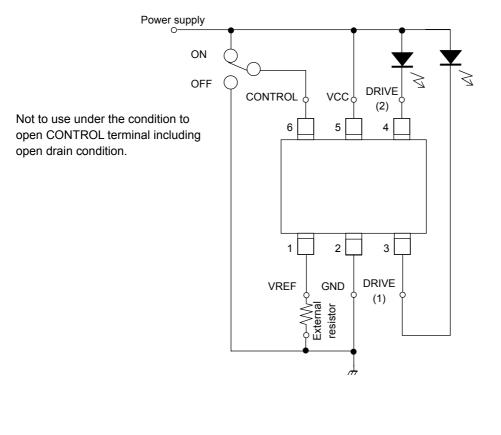
The reference voltage output from  $V_{REF}$  terminal, and the driving current is set by external resistor between  $V_{REF}$  terminal and GND. This device have built-in protection circuit for LED which reduce  $V_{REF}$  terminal voltage automatically when higher temperature condition.

#### 2. External resistor setting

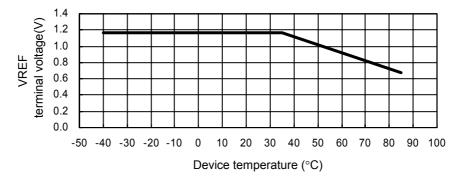
DRIVE terminal output  $I_{DRIVE}$  current which is 100 times of  $I_{REF}$  current from  $V_{REF}$  terminal. When setting external resistor, please chose the resistance value with enough margin to achieve required current level, after check each item of electrical characteristics.

External resistor =  $V_{REF}$  / (DRIVE current / 100) DRIVE current =  $I_{REF} \times 100$  times

#### 3. Example of Application Circuit



VREF derating curve (Reference)



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#### 4. Calculation example

For example if 15mA(min) driving current for each channel required.

Firstly, please refer to the minimum value of  $V_{\mathsf{REF}}$  output voltage mentioned on datasheet.

V<sub>REF</sub> output voltage (minimum) : 1.07V

The resistance of external resistor gives

 $1.07 \text{ V} / (15 \text{ mA} / 100) = 7.13 \text{k}\Omega$ 

As the accuracy of resistance for resistors is approximately 5% in general, resistance is calculated considering 5% margin as follows:

 $7.13 \text{ k}\Omega / 105\% = 6.79 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

This resistance value is possible to drive at 15mA considering accuracy of resistors.

In addition, it is necessary to confirm the maximum DRIVE current when using calculated value of resistor, due to confirmation of safety operation. The maximum DRIVE current gives from maximum  $V_{\text{REF}}$  output voltage and minimum resistance of external resistor as follows:

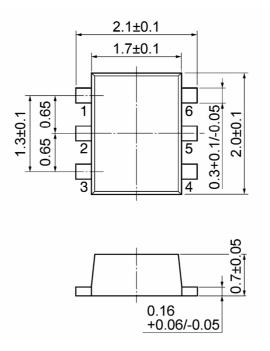
Minimum resistance =  $6.79 \text{ k}\Omega \times 95\%$  =  $6.45 \text{ k}\Omega$ DRIVE current (max) = ( $1.27 \text{ V} / 6.45 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) x 100 = 19.7mA

Since the calculation result has become less than maximum ratings, it turns out that there is no problem iin use with this resistance. The design which took external factors, such as variation in resistance, ambient temperature, and product temperature, into condition besides product variation is required.

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## Package Dimension



Weight:0.007g(typ)

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