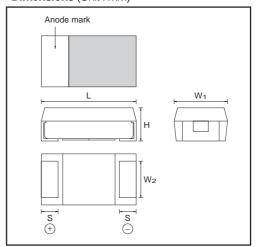
Chip tantalum capacitors (Fail-safe open structure type)

TCFG Series A Case

Features

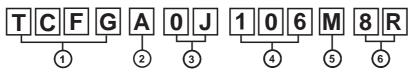
- 1) Safety design by open function built in.
- 2) Wide capacitance range
- 3) Screening by thermal shock.

●Dimensions (Unit:mm)



Case code	L	W ₁	W ₂	Н	S
A 3216-18(1206)	3.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	1.2±0.2	1.6±0.2	0.8±0.3

●Part No. Explanation



- 1 Series name
- 2 Case code
- 3 Rated voltage

Rated voltage (V)	4	6.3	10	16	20	25
CODE	0G	0J	1A	1C	1D	1E

(4) Capacitance

Nominal capacitance in pF in 3 digits: 2 significant figure representing the number of 0's.

5 Capacitance tolerance

M: ±20% K: ±10%

- 6 Taping
 - 8 : Tape width (8mm)
 - R : Positive electrode on the side opposite to sprocket hole



● Capacitance range

TCFG series A Case

			Rated vo	Itage (V)		
(μF)	4 G	6.3 J	10 A	16 C	20 D	25 E
1.0 (105)				А	А	А
1.5 (155)			Α	Α 🛭	<i>lew</i> /A/A	<i>lew</i> /A
2.2 (225)			Α	Α Λ	lew A M	<i>ew</i> A
3.3 (335)		А	Α	А	А	А
4.7 (475)	А	А	А	А	Α	А
6.8 (685)	Α	А	Α	А		
10 (106)	А	А	А	А		
15 (156)	А	А	А			
22 (226)	Α	А	Α			
33 (336)	А	А				
47 (476)	А	А				
68 (686)	А					

Remark) Case size codes (A) in the above show each size products line-up.

New : Indicates new product

■Marking

The indications listed below should be given on the surface of a capacitor.

- ① Polarity : The polarity should be shown by □ bar. (on the anode side)
- ② Rated DC voltage : Due to the small size of A case, a voltage code is used as shown below.
- ③ Visual typical example (1)voltage code (2) capacitance code

[A Case] note 1)
$$\frac{J}{(1)} \frac{106}{(2)}$$



note 2) voltage code and capacitance code are variable with parts number

Characteristics

Item	1					Perf	orma	ince	Test conditions (based on JIS C5101-1 and JIS C5101-3)		
Operating Tem	perature	-5	5 °C	to +12	25 °	С			Voltage reduction when temperature exceeds +85°C		
Maximum operatin with no voltage de		+8	5 °C								
Rated Voltage	(V.DC)	4	6.3	10 1	6	20	25		at 85°C		
Category Volta	ge (V.DC)	2.5	4	6.3	0	13	16		at 125°C		
Surge Voltage		5.0	8	13 2	20	26	32		at 85°C		
DC leakage cui	rrent			or 0.01 i in "St				er is greater	As per 4.9 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.5.1 JIS C 5101-3 Voltage : Rated voltage for 1min		
Capacitance to	Shall be satisfied allowance range. ±10%, ±20%				e range.	As per 4.7 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.5.2 JIS C 5101-3 Measuring frequency : 120±12Hz Measuring voltage : 0.5Vrms, +1.5V.DC Measuring circuit : DC Equivalent series circuit					
Tangent of loss (Df, tanδ)	angle	Shall be satisfied the voltage on "Standard list"				the \	/oltag	e on "Standard list"	As per 4.8 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.5.3 JIS C 5101-3 Measuring frequency : 120±12Hz Measuring voltage : 0.5Vrms, +1.5V.DC Measuring circuit : DC Equivalent series circuit		
Impedance		Shall be satisfied the voltage on "Standard list"			/oltag	e on "Standard list"	As per 4.10 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.5.4 JIS C 5101-3 Measuring frequency : 100±10kHz Measuring voltage : 0.5Vrms or less				
Resistance to soldering heat	Appearance		There should be no significant abnormality. The indications should be clear.			As per 4.14 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.6 JIS C 5101-3					
	L.C	Les	ss tha	an initia	al Iir	mit			Dip in the solder bath Solder temp : 260±5°C		
	ΔC / C	Wit	hin ±	5% of	ini	tial v	alue		Duration : 5±0.5s		
	tanδ	Les	ss tha	an initia	al lir	mit			Repetition : 1 After the specimens, leave it at room temperature for over 24h and then measure the sample.		
Fail-Safe open	unit actuation	Wit	thin 3	320°C	- 2	20s			Dip in the solder bath Solder temp : 320±5°C		
Temperature cycle	Appearance			hould l				ant abnormality. lear.	As per 4.16 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.10 JIS C 5101-3		
	L.C	Les	ss tha	an initia	al lir	mit			Repetition: 5 cycles (1 cycle: steps 1 to 4) without discontinuation.		
$\begin{array}{c c} \Delta C \ / \ C \\ \hline TCFGA1A226 \square : \pm 15\% \\ TCFGA0J476 \square : \pm 15\% \\ TCFGA0G686 \square : \pm 15\% \\ Others : \pm 10\% \\ \hline \end{array}$			Step Temp. Time 1 −55±3°C 30±3min 2 Room temp. 3min. or less								
	tanδ Less than initial limit			3 125±2°C 30±3min 4 Room temp. 3min. or less After the specimens, leave it at room temperature fover 24h and then measure the sample.							
Moisture resistance	Appearance	l .		hould l				ant abnormality. lear.	As per 4.12 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.12 JIS C 5101-3		
	L.C	Les	ss tha	an initia	al lir	mit			After leaving the sample under such atmospheric		
		Less than initial limit Within ±10% of initial value					condition that the temperature and humidity are				
	ΔC / C	Wit	hin ±	10%	of ir	nitial	valu	е	60±2°C and 90 to 95%RH, respectively, for		

Tantalum capacitors

Iten	n	Performance	Test conditions (based on JIS C5101-1 and JIS C5101-3)			
Temperature	Temp.	_55°C	As per 4.29 JIS C 5101-1			
Stability	ΔC / C	Within 0/–12%of initial value	As per 4.13 JIS C 5101-3			
	tanδ	Shall be satisfied the voltage on "Standard list"				
	L.C	_				
	Temp.	+85°C				
	ΔC / C	Within +10/0%of initial value				
	tanδ	Shall be satisfied the voltage on "Standard list"				
	L.C	5μA or 0.1CV whichever is greater				
	Temp.	+125°C				
	ΔC / C	Within +15/0%of initial value				
	tanδ	Shall be satisfied the voltage on "Standard list"				
	L.C	6.3μA or 0.125CV whichever is greater				
Surge Voltage	Appearance	There should be no significant abnormality. The indications should be clear.	As per 4.26 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.14 JIS C 5101-3			
	L.C	Less than initial limit	Apply the specified surge voltage every 5±0.5mir for 30±5 s. each time in the atmospheric conditio			
	ΔC / C	Within ±10%of initial value	of 85±2°C. Repeat this procedure 1,000 times. After the specimens, leave it at room temperatur for over 24h and then measure the sample.			
	tanδ	Less than initial limit				
Loading at High	Appearance	There should be no significant abnormality. The indications should be clear.	As per 4.23 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.15 JIS C 5101-3			
temperature	L.C	Less than initial limit	After applying the rated voltage for 2000+72/0			
	ΔC / C	TCFGA1A226□:±15% TCFGA0J476□:±15% TCFGA0G686□:±15% Others::±10%	without discontinuation via the serial resistanc of 3Ω or less at a temperature of $85\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$, leav the sample at room temperature/humidity for over 24h and measure the value.			
	tanδ	Less than initial limit	1			
Terminal	Capacitance	The measured value should be stable.	As per 4.35 JIS C 5101-1			
Strength	Appearance	There should be no significant abnormality.	As per 4.9 JIS C 5101-3 A force is applied to the terminal until it bends to 1mm and by a prescribed tool maintain the condition for 5s. (See the figure below.) (Unit : mm) F (Apply force) R230 Thickness 1.6mm			
Adhesiveness		The terminal should not come off.	As per 4.34 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.8 JIS C 5101-3 Apply force of 5N in the two directions shown in the figure below for 10±1s after mounting the terminal on a circuit board.			

Tantalum capacitors

Item		Performance	Test conditions (based on JIS C5101-1 and JIS C5101-3)
Dimension	ns	Be based on "External dimensions"	Measure using a caliper of JIS B 7505 Class 2 or higher grade.
Resistance to solvents T		The indication should be clear.	As per 4.32 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.18 JIS C 5101-3 Dip in the isopropyl alcohol for 30±5s, at room temperature.
Solderability		3/4 or more surface area of the solder coated terminal dipped in the soldering bath should be covered with the new solder.	As per 4.15.2 JIS C 5101-1 As per 4.7 JIS C 5101-3 Dip speed = 25±2.5mm/s Pre-treatment (accelerated aging): Leave the sample on the boiling distilled water for 1h. Solder temp.: 245±5°C Duration: 3±0.5s Solder: M705 Flux: Rosin 25%, IPA 75%
Vibration	Capacitance	The measured value should be stable.	As per 4.17 JIS C 5101-1 Frequency: 10 to 55 to 10Hz/min. Amplitude: 1.5mm
	Appearance	There should be no significant abnormality.	Time : 2h each in X and Y directions Mounting : The terminal is soldered on a print circuit board.

●Standard list, TCFG series A Cases

(A: 3216)

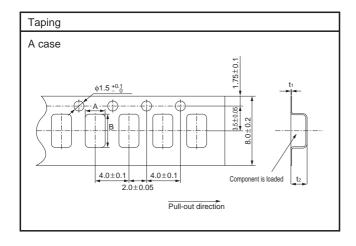
										(A :	3216)
Part No.	Rated Voltage @85°C	Derated Voltage @125°C	Surge Voltage @85°C	Capacitance 120Hz	Tolerance	Leakage current 25°C	D	F 120H (%)	Ηz	Impedance 100kHz	Case
	(V)	(V)	(V)	(μF)	(%)	1WV.60s (μA)	–55°C	25°C 85°C	125°C	(Ω)	code
TCFG A 0G 475□	4	2.5	5	4.7	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	5.6	Α
TCFG A 0G 685 □	4	2.5	5	6.8	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.9	Α
TCFG A 0G 106 □	4	2.5	5	10	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.2	Α
TCFG A 0G 156 □	4	2.5	5	15	±20, ±10	0.6	12	8	10	4.0	Α
TCFG A 0G 226 □	4	2.5	5	22	±20, ±10	0.9	12	8	10	3.0	Α
TCFG A 0G 336 □	4	2.5	5	33	±20, ±10	1.3	14	10	12	3.5	Α
TCFG A 0G 476 □	4	2.5	5	47	±20, ±10	1.9	30	12	16	3.2	Α
TCFG A 0G 686 □	4	2.5	5	68	±20, ±10	3.0	32	16	20	3.0	Α
TCFG A 0J 335 □	6.3	4	8	3.3	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	5.6	Α
TCFG A 0J 475 □	6.3	4	8	4.7	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.9	Α
TCFG A 0J 685 □	6.3	4	8	6.8	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.2	Α
TCFG A 0J 106 □	6.3	4	8	10	±20, ±10	0.6	12	8	10	4.0	Α
TCFG A 0J 156□	6.3	4	8	15	±20, ±10	0.9	12	8	10	3.0	Α
TCFG A 0J 226□	6.3	4	8	22	±20, ±10	1.4	14	10	12	3.5	Α
TCFG A 0J 336□	6.3	4	8	33	±20, ±10	2.1	30	12	16	3.2	Α
TCFG A 0J 476□	6.3	4	8	47	±20, ±10	3.0	34	18	24	3.2	Α
TCFG A 1A 155 □	10	6.3	13	1.5	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	8.8	Α
TCFG A 1A 225□	10	6.3	13	2.2	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	5.6	Α
TCFG A 1A 335 □	10	6.3	13	3.3	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.9	Α
TCFG A 1A 475 □	10	6.3	13	4.7	±20, ±10	0.5	12	8	10	4.2	Α
TCFG A 1A 685 □	10	6.3	13	6.8	±20, ±10	0.7	12	8	10	4.0	Α
TCFG A 1A 106 □	10	6.3	13	10	±20, ±10	1.0	12	8	10	3.0	Α
TCFG A 1A 156 □	10	6.3	13	15	±20, ±10	1.5	14	10	12	3.5	Α
TCFG A 1A 226 □	10	6.3	13	22	±20, ±10	2.2	30	12	16	3.2	Α
TCFG A 1C 105 □	16	10	20	1.0	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	7	Α
TCFG A 1C 155 □	16	10	20	1.5	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	5.6	Α
TCFG A 1C 225 □	16	10	20	2.2	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	4.9	Α
TCFG A 1C 335 □	16	10	20	3.3	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	4.8	Α
TCFG A 1C 475 □	16	10	20	4.7	±20, ±10	0.8	10	6	8	3.9	Α
TCFG A 1C 685 □	16	10	20	6.8	±20, ±10	1.1	10	6	8	3.8	Α
TCFG A 1C 106 □	16	10	20	10	±20, ±10	1.6	12	8	10	3.5	Α
TCFG A 1D 105 □	20	13	26	1.0	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	7	Α
TCFG A 1D 155 □	20	13	26	1.5	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	6.0	Α
TCFG A 1D 255 □	20	13	26	2.2	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	5.2	Α
TCFG A 1D 335 □	20	13	26	3.3	±20, ±10	0.7	10	6	8	4.8	Α
TCFG A 1D 475 □	20	13	26	4.7	±20, ±10	0.9	10	6	8	3.9	Α
TCFG A 1E 105 □	25	16	32	1.0	±20, ±10	0.5	8	6	8	7	A
TCFG A 1E 155 □	25	16	32	1.5	±20, ±10	0.5	10	6	8	6.0	Α
TCFG A 1E 255 □	25	16	32	2.2	±20, ±10		10	6	8	5.2	Α
TCFG A 1E 335 □	25	16	32	3.3	±20, ±10		10	6	8	4.8	A
TCFG A 1E 475	25	16	32	4.7	±20, ±10		12	8	10	3.4	A
.0.07.12 4700		10	02	7.1	, <u></u> 10	1.2	12		10	5.7	/١

 \square =Tolerance (M : ±20%, K : ±10%)



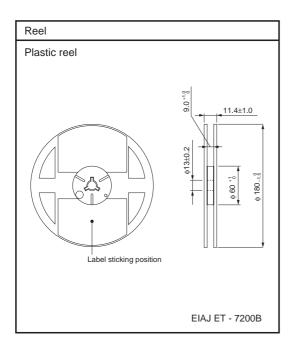
Packaging specifications

Case code	A±0.1	B±0.1	t1±0.05	t2±0.1
A (3216)	1.9	3.5	0.25	1.9



Packaging style

Case code	Packaging	Packag	ing style	Symbol	Basic ordering unit
A Case	Taping	Plastic taping	φ180mm reel	R	2,000



• Recommended condition of reflow soldering

(1) Leakage current-to-voltage ratio

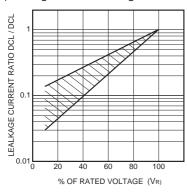
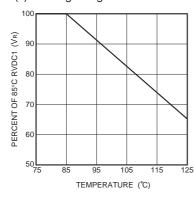


Fig.1

(2) Derating voltage as function of temperature



85	5°C	125	5°C
Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Category Voltage	Surge Voltage
(V.DC)	DC) (V.DC) (V.DC)		(V.DC)
4	5.0	2.5	3.2
6.3	8	4	5
10	13	6.3	8
16	20	10	13
20	26	13	16
25	32	16	20

Fig.2

(3) Reliability

The malfunction rate of tantalum solid state electrolytic capacitors varies considerably depending on the conditions of usage (ambient temperature, applied voltage, circuit resistance).

Formula for calculating malfunction rate

 $\lambda p = \lambda b \times (\pi E \times \pi SR \times \pi Q \times \pi CV)$

 λp $\;\;$: Malfunction rate stemming from operation

 $\begin{array}{lll} \lambda b & : \mbox{Basic malfunction rate} \\ \pi E & : \mbox{Environmental factors} \\ \pi S R & : \mbox{Series resistance} \\ \pi \Omega & : \mbox{Level of malfunction rate} \end{array}$

 πcv : Capacitance

For details on how to calculate the malfunction rate stemming from operation, see the tantalum solid state electrolytic capacitors column in MIL-HDBK-217.

ROHM

Malfunction rate as function of operating temperature and rated voltage

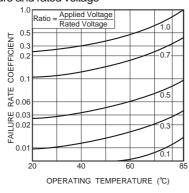


Fig.3

Malfunction rate as function of circuit resistance (Ω/V)

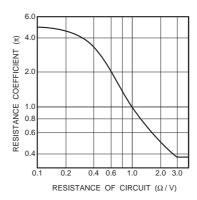
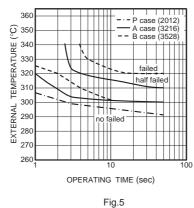


Fig.4

(4) External temperature vs. fuse blowout



(5) Power vs. fuse blowout characteristics / Product surface temperature

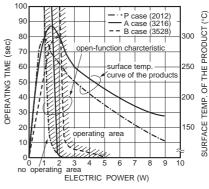


Fig.6

Note: Solder the chip at 300°C or less. If it is soldered using a temperature higher than 300°C, open function built-in may operate.

Rev.D

(6) Maximum power dissipation

Warming of the capacitor due to ripple voltage balances with warming caused by Joule heating and by radiated heat. Maximum allowable warming of the capacitor is to 5°C above ambient temperature. When warming exceeds 5°C, it can damage the dielectric and cause a short circuit.

Power dissipation (P) = $I^2 \cdot R$

Ripple current

P: As shown in table at right

R: Equivalent series resistance

Notes:

- 1. Please be aware that when case size is changed, maximum allowable power dissipation is reduced.
- 2. Maximum power dissipation varies depending on the package. Be sure to use a case which will keep warming within the limits shown in the table below.

Allowable power dissipation (W) and maximum temperature rising

Case Ambient temp.	+25°C	+55°C	+85°C	+125°C
A case (3216)	0.070	0.063	0.056	0.028
Max. Temp Rise[°C]	5	5	5	2

(7) Impedance frequency characteristics

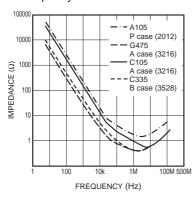


Fig.7

(8) ESR frequency characteristics

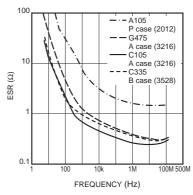
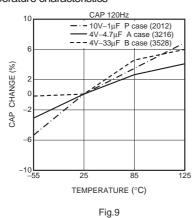


Fig.8

(9) Temperature characteristics



DF 120Hz

---10V-1μF P case (2012)
---4V-4.7μF A case (3216)
---4V-33μF B case (3528)

3

2

1

0

-55

25

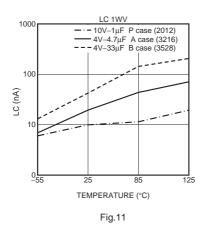
85

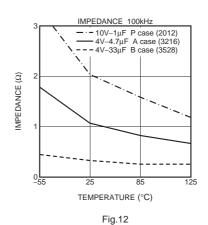
125

TEMPERATURE (°C)

Fig.10

Rev.D





Inrush current

Beware of inrush curren

Inrush currents are inversely proportional ESR. Large inrush currents can cause components failure.

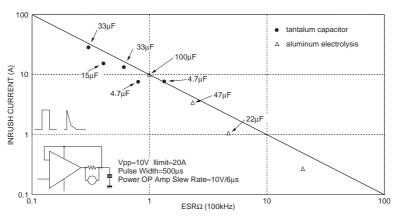


Fig. 13 Maximum inrush current and ESR

Inrush current can be limited by means of a protective resistor.

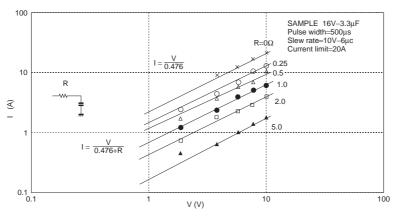


Fig. 14 Imax change due to protective resistor R

Tantalum capacitors

(10) Ultrasonic cleaning

Carry out cleaning under as mild conditions as possible. The internal element of a tantalum capacitor are larger than those of a transistor or diode, so it is not as resistant as ultrasonic waves.

Example: water

Propagation speed 1500m/s Solvent density 1g/cm³

Frequency and wavelength

Frequency	Wavelength
20kHz	7.5cm
28kHz	5.3cm
50kHz	3.0cm

Precautions

- 1) Do not allow solvent to come to a boil (kinetic energy increases).
- . Ultrasonic output 0.5W / cm² or less
- . Use a solvent with a high boiling point.
- . Lower solvent temperature.
- 2) Ultrasonic cleaning frequency 28 kHz or less
- 3) Keep cleaning time as short as possible.
- 4) Move item being cleaned.

 Standing waves caused by the ultrasonic waves can cause stress to build up in part of the item being cleaned.

Reference

Notes

- No technical content pages of this document may be reproduced in any form or transmitted by any
 means without prior permission of ROHM CO.,LTD.
- The contents described herein are subject to change without notice. The specifications for the
 product described in this document are for reference only. Upon actual use, therefore, please request
 that specifications to be separately delivered.
- Application circuit diagrams and circuit constants contained herein are shown as examples of standard
 use and operation. Please pay careful attention to the peripheral conditions when designing circuits
 and deciding upon circuit constants in the set.
- Any data, including, but not limited to application circuit diagrams information, described herein are intended only as illustrations of such devices and not as the specifications for such devices. ROHM CO.,LTD. disclaims any warranty that any use of such devices shall be free from infringement of any third party's intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights, and further, assumes no liability of whatsoever nature in the event of any such infringement, or arising from or connected with or related to the use of such devices.
- Upon the sale of any such devices, other than for buyer's right to use such devices itself, resell or
 otherwise dispose of the same, no express or implied right or license to practice or commercially
 exploit any intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights owned or controlled by
- ROHM CO., LTD. is granted to any such buyer.
- Products listed in this document are no antiradiation design.

The products listed in this document are designed to be used with ordinary electronic equipment or devices (such as audio visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communications devices, electrical appliances and electronic toys).

Should you intend to use these products with equipment or devices which require an extremely high level of reliability and the malfunction of which would directly endanger human life (such as medical instruments, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controllers, fuel controllers and other safety devices), please be sure to consult with our sales representative in advance.

It is our top priority to supply products with the utmost quality and reliability. However, there is always a chance of failure due to unexpected factors. Therefore, please take into account the derating characteristics and allow for sufficient safety features, such as extra margin, anti-flammability, and fail-safe measures when designing in order to prevent possible accidents that may result in bodily harm or fire caused by component failure. ROHM cannot be held responsible for any damages arising from the use of the products under conditions out of the range of the specifications or due to non-compliance with the NOTES specified in this catalog.

Thank you for your accessing to ROHM product informations.

More detail product informations and catalogs are available, please contact your nearest sales office.

ROHM Customer Support System

THE AMERICAS / EUPOPE / ASIA / JAPAN

www.rohm.com

Contact us : webmaster@rohm.co.jp

Copyright © 2007 ROHM CO.,LTD.

ROHM CO., LTD. 21, Saiin Mizosaki-cho, Ukyo-ku, Kyoto 615-8585, Japan

pan TEL:+81-75-311-2121 FAX:+81-75-315-0172

