

Silicon P-Channel MOS Type

Power Management Switch Applications

- 1.5-V drive
- Low ON-resistance:  $R_{DS(ON)} = 88.4m\Omega$  (max) (@ $V_{GS} = -1.5$  V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 56.0m\Omega$  (max) (@ $V_{GS} = -1.8$  V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 39.7m\Omega$  (max) (@ $V_{GS} = -2.5$  V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 29.8m\Omega$  (max) (@ $V_{GS} = -4.5$  V)

Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DSS}$	-21	V
Gate-source voltage	$V_{GSS}$	$\pm 8$	V
Drain current	DC	$I_D$ (Note 1)	-6.1
	Pulse	$I_{DP}$ (Note 1,2)	-23.0
Power dissipation	$P_D$ (Note 3)	$t = 10s$	1
			2
Channel temperature	$T_{ch}$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

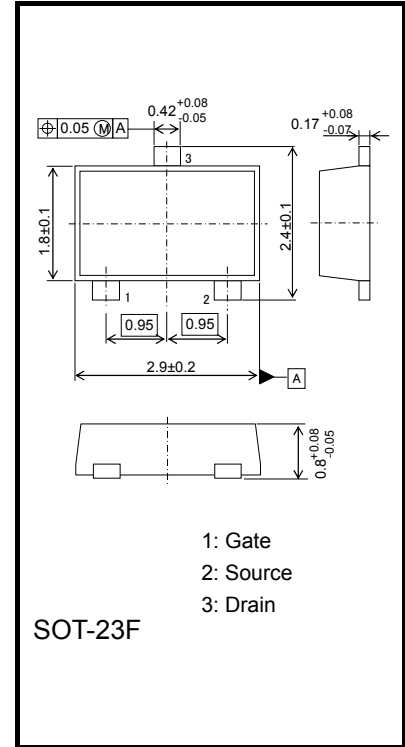
Note 1: The channel temperature should not exceed  $150^\circ\text{C}$  during use.

Note 2:  $PW \leq 10\mu s, Duty \leq 1\%$

Note 3: Mounted on a FR4 board.

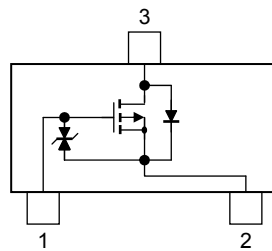
( $25.4\text{ mm} \times 25.4\text{ mm} \times 1.6\text{ mm}$ , Cu Pad:  $645\text{ mm}^2$ )

Unit: mm



Weight: 11 mg (typ.)

Equivalent Circuit (Top view)



Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

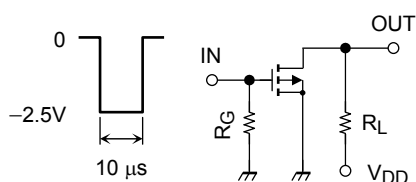
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$I_D = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-20	—	—	V
	$V_{(BR)DSX}$	$I_D = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$ (Note 5)	-15	—	—	V
Drain cut-off current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	—	—	-1	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 8 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	—	—	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{th}$	$V_{DS} = -3 \text{ V}, I_D = -1 \text{ mA}$	-0.3	—	-1.0	V
Forward transfer admittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = -3 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.0 \text{ A}$ (Note 4)	4.5	9.1	—	S
Drain-source ON-resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = -3.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 4)	—	24.9	29.8	m $\Omega$
		$I_D = -2.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 4)	—	31.1	39.7	
		$I_D = -1.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -1.8 \text{ V}$ (Note 4)	—	38.8	56.0	
		$I_D = -0.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -1.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 4)	—	47.4	88.4	
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	840	—	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		—	118	—	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		—	99	—	
Total gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, I_{DS} = -4.0 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	—	12.8	—	nC
Gate-source charge	$Q_{gs1}$		—	1.4	—	
Gate-drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		—	3.0	—	
Switching time	Turn-on time	$t_{on}$	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ to } -2.5 \text{ V}, R_G = 4.7 \Omega$	—	32	ns
	Turn-off time	$t_{off}$		—	107	
Drain-Source forward voltage	$V_{DSF}$	$I_D = 6.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Note 4)	—	0.87	1.2	V

Note4: Pulse test

Note5:  $V_{DSX}$  mode (the application of a plus voltage between gate and source) may cause decrease in maximum rating of drain-source voltage

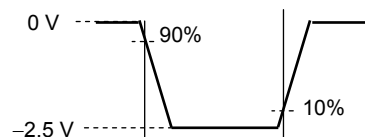
Switching Time Test Circuit

(a) Test Circuit

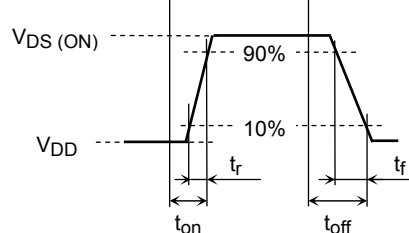


$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_G = 4.7 \Omega$   
 Duty.  $\leq 1\%$   
 $V_{IN}$ :  $t_r, t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$   
 Common Source  
 $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

(b)  $V_{IN}$



(c)  $V_{OUT}$



Handling Precaution

When handling individual devices that are not yet mounted on a circuit board, make sure that the environment is protected against electrostatic discharge. Operators should wear antistatic clothing, and containers and other objects that come into direct contact with devices should be made of antistatic materials.

Thermal resistance  $R_{th(ch-a)}$  and power dissipation  $P_D$  vary depending on board material, board area, board thickness and pad area. When using this device, please take heat dissipation into consideration.

